
나의 3번째 영어 쌤

MILY.T

We all can do it!

19강

인물·일화·기담

2020 수능특강 영어 주제·소재편

(19강 1-2번)

LET'S BEGIN ! ☺

O.R.O

이번



다음 글의 주제로 가장 적절한 것은?

집단을 결속시키는 전통

2020년 수능특강 19강 1번



Nothing addresses our need to fit in with others as profoundly as traditions. Traditions satisfy our deep emotional needs for belonging and create bonds not easily swayed. Developed over time in a country, community, or family, traditions are the foundation of a culture. While a ritual is time alone with the soul, traditions are the bonding glue of a group. When we participate in a tradition, we are not acting alone but in harmony with others in a common cause, belief, or event. The traditional singing of the “Star-Spangled Banner” at the opening of a sporting event bonds the crowd with a common sense of pride and unites them together for the game. For more than a hundred years, the passing of the Olympic torch throughout countries has set aside religious differences and race, and opened up nations’ borders for a common tradition: the Olympics. Caught up in the security of a mutual custom, traditions have their own codes of ethics that transcend differences and unite a people, if only for a moment.

- ① sense of isolation common to modern life
- ② power of traditions in uniting people as one
- ③ positive effects of music on athletic performance
- ④ differences between religious rituals and traditions
- ⑤ complex interaction between tradition and modernity

*the Star-Spangled Banner 미국 국가(國歌) **transcend 초월하다, 뛰어넘다



사진 : PIXABAY

어휘

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~와 어울리다

심오하게, 깊이

귀속(의식)

결속(력), 유대

의식

접착제

목적, 대의

*미국 국가(國歌)

정화

~을 제쳐두다, 무시하게하다

국경

안전, 안도감

공동의, 상호간의 관습 cf) customs: 세관, 관세

윤리규범

**초월하다, 뛰어넘다

나의 랜선 영어 쌤.



무료강의 : 유튜브에 '말리쌤'을 검색해 보세요~

블로그 : blog.naver.com/jhej0416

구문독해

1 Nothing addresses our need (to fit in with others) as profoundly as traditions.

[profound / profoundly]
 심오하게, 깊이
 ~와 어울리다

전통만큼 깊이 다른 사람들과 어울리려는 우리의 욕구를 다루는 것은 없다.

2 Traditions satisfy our deep emotional needs (for belonging) and create bonds not easily swayed.

귀속(의식)
 결속(력), 유대 (which are)
 흔들리다, 흔들다

전통은 귀속에 대한 우리의 깊은 정서적 욕구를 충족시키고, 쉽게 흔들리지 않는 결속력을 만들어 낸다.

3 Developed (over time / in a country, community, or family) traditions are the foundation (of a culture).

분사구문
 (Being)
 주절

전통은 시간이 흐르면서 국가, 지역 사회 혹은 가족 내에서 발전해서 한 문화의 토대가 된다.

4 While a ritual is time alone / with the soul, traditions are the bonding glue (of a group).

(being)
 의식
 접착제

의식은 영혼과 보내는 혼자만의 시간이지만, 전통은 한 집단을 묶어 주는 접착제이다.

5 When we participate in a tradition, we are not acting alone but in harmony with others (in a common cause, belief, or event).

(acting)
 not A but B : A가 아니라 B
 목적, 대의

전통에 참여할 때, 우리는 단독으로가 아니라 공동의 목적, 신념 혹은 행사속에서 다른 사람들과 조화를 이루어 행동한다.

6 The traditional singing (of the "Star-Spangled Banner" / at the opening of a sporting event) bonds the crowd (with a common sense of pride) and unites them together (for the game).

미국 국가

스포츠 행사의 개막식에서 전통적으로 '미국 국가'를 부르는 것은 공동의 자부심으로 군중을 결속시키고, 경기를 위해 그들을 하나로 통합한다.

7 For more than a hundred years, the passing (of the Olympic torch / throughout countries) has set aside religious differences and race, and opened up nations' borders (for a common tradition): the Olympics.

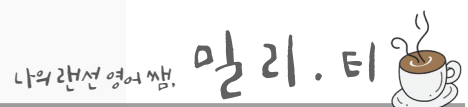
성화
 ~을 제쳐두다, 무시하게 하다
 국경

100년이 넘는 세월동안 여러 나라 전역에서의 올림픽 대회 성화의 봉송은 종교적 차이와 인종을 무시하게 했고, 공동의 전통인 올림픽 대회를 위해 국가들의 국경을 개방했다.

8 Caught up in the security of a mutual custom, traditions have their own codes of ethics (that transcend differences and unite a people, if only for a moment).

분사구문
 (Being)
 주절
 에 휘말리다, 연관되다
 안전, 안도감
 공동의, 상호간의 관습(cf. customs-세관, 관세)
 윤리규범
 초월하다, 뛰어넘다
 = even if (it is) only for a moment

전통은 공동의 관습이 주는 안도감과 깊이 연관되어, 단지 잠깐이긴 하지만 차이를 초월하여 하나의 국민을 결속하는 그 나름대로의 윤리 규범을 가지고 있다.





아래를 밑줄을 보고 오늘 학습한 내용을 복습해 보세요!
모르는 어법은 유튜브 무료 강의를 통해서 꼭 숙지하고 오늘 알고 오늘 끝내는 학습하시기 바랍니다.

글의 LOGIC

집단을 결속시키는 전통

Nothing addresses our need to fit in with others as profoundly as traditions.

Traditions satisfy our deep emotional needs for belonging and create bonds not easily swayed.

Developed over time in a country, community, or family, traditions are the foundation of a culture.

While a ritual is time alone with the soul, traditions are the bonding glue of a group.

When we participate in a tradition, we are not acting alone but

The traditional singing of the "Star-Spangled Banner" at the opening of a sporting event bonds the crowd with a common sense of pride and unites them together for the game. For more than a hundred years, the passing of the Olympic torch throughout countries has set aside religious differences and race, and opened up nations' borders for a common tradition: the Olympics.

>> , traditions have their own codes of ethics that transcend differences and unite a people, if only for a moment.




빈칸, 삽입문장 주의-!!

O.R.O

2번



나의 랜선 영어 쌤. **밀리.티** 

무료강의 : 유튜브에 '밀리쌤'을 검색해 보세요~

블로그 : blog.naver.com/jhej0416

PREVIEW

논증의 한 방법으로서의 귀추법

2020년 수능특강 19강 2번



주어진 글 다음에 이어질 글의 순서로 가장 적절한 것은?

귀추법은? 주어진 현상에 대해 최선의 설명을 선택하는 추론의 과정

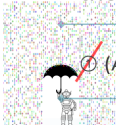
Abduction is a process of reasoning used to **decide which explanation of given phenomena we should select**, and so, naturally, it is also called 'argument to the best explanation'.

*abduction 귀추법(최선의 설명을 찾아가는 추론)

(A) Unsettling as **it** seems, some philosophers have even argued that for any possible body of evidence there will always be a variety of explanations consistent with it. **This is just the claim that Duhem and Quine have advanced.**

(B) Often we are presented with certain experiences and are called upon to offer some sort of explanation for them. **But the problem we frequently face is that a given body of data may not determine or force us to accept only one explanation.** 데이터가 너무 많아 한가지만 선택하기 어려움

(C) Whether or not **their claim** is true, **however**, in cases where **we do face a set of alternative explanations**, our task as **good reasoners** must be to **decide which one** of those explanations best fits the evidence. **That's where abduction comes in.** → 마무리



① (A)-(C)-(B)

② (B)-(A)-(C)

③ (B)-(C)-(A)

④ (C)-(A)-(B)

⑤ (C)-(B)-(A)

어휘

논증의 한 방법으로서의 귀추법

Abduction is a process of **reasoning** used to decide which explanation of given **phenomena** we should select, and so, naturally, it is also called 'argument to the best explanation'. Often we are presented with certain experiences and are **called upon** to offer some sort of explanation for them. **But the problem we frequently face is that a given body of data may not determine or force us to accept only one explanation.** **Unsettling** as it seems, some philosophers have even argued that for any possible body of **evidence** there will always be a variety of explanations **consistent with** it. This is just the claim that Duhem and Quine have **advanced**. Whether or not their claim is true, **however**, in cases where we do face a set of **alternative** explanations, our task as good reasoners must be to decide which one of those explanations best fits the evidence. That's where abduction comes in.

*귀추법(최선의 설명을 찾아가는 추론), 유과 추론하다

현상(phenomenon의 복수형)

논증

called upon to 요구하다 = call on

결심하게 하다

불안한 마음이 들게하는

증거

~와 일치하는

제기하다

대안의



무료강의 : 유튜브에 '밀리쌤'을 검색해 보세요~
블로그 : blog.naver.com/jhej0416

구문독해

cf. be used to ~ing: ~하는데 익숙해지다

“간접의문문”

1 Abduction is a process of reasoning (used to decide which explanation (of given phenomena) we should select) and so, naturally, it is also called ‘argument (to the best explanation)’.

귀추법(최선의 설명을 찾아가는 추론) 추론하다 (which is) [decide / deciding] 현상(phenomenon의 복수형) 논증

귀추법은 주어진 현상에 대해 어떤 설명을 선택해야 할 것인지 결정하는데 사용되는 추론의 과정이고 그래서 당연히 그 것은 ‘최선의 설명을 향해 가는 논증’이라고도 불린다.

2 Often we are presented with certain experiences and are called upon to offer some sort of explanation for them.

present 사람 with 사물 요구하다 = certain experiences

종종 우리는 특정한 경험을 제시받고 그것들을 위한 어떤 설명을 제안하도록 요구받는다.

3 But the problem (we frequently face) is that a given body of data may not determine or force us to accept only one explanation.

목적 하에 생략 명.접 결심하게하다

그러나 우리가 자주 직면하는 문제는 주어진 많은 양의 데이터가 우리가 한 가지 설명만을 받아들일도록 결심하게 만들거나 혹은 강제하지 않을 수 있다는 것이다.

양보접속사 as

~~관사~~
명사(형용사, 부사) + as + S + V
A child as he is, he is wise

[unsettlingly / Unsettling / Unsettled]

4 Unsettling as it seems, some philosophers have even argued that (for any possible body of evidence) there will always be a variety of explanations (consistent with it.)

불안한 마음이 들게하는 증거 -와 일치하는 = any possible body of evidence

불안한 마음이 들 수도 있겠지만 몇몇 철학자들은 ‘어떤 가능한’ 많은 양의 증거에 대해서도 그것과 일치하는 다양한 설명이 ‘항상’ 있기 마련이라고 주장해 오기까지 했다.

5 This is just the claim (that Duhem and Quine have advanced).

목.관 제기하다

이것이 바로 Duhem과 Quine 이 제기한 주장이다.

6 Whether or not their claim is true, however, in cases (where we do face a set of alternative explanations, our task (as good reasoners) must be to decide which one of those explanations best fits the evidence.

대안의 명사적 주절 “간접의문문” 의

그러나 그들의 주장이 사실이든 아니든 우리가 일련의 대안적인 설명에 정말 직면하는 경우, 훌륭한 추론자로서의 우리의 과업은 그런 설명 중 어느 것이 그 증거에 ‘가장 잘’ 맞는 지를 결정하는 것이어야 한다.

7 That’s [where abduction comes in.]

바로 그런 경우에 귀추법이 사용된다.

나의 간접 언어생활



무료강의 : 유튜브에 ‘일리쌤’을 검색해 보세요~

블로그 : blog.naver.com/jhej0416



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● ● ● ● 글의 LOGIC

논증의 한 방법으로서의 귀추법

Abduction is a process of reasoning _____, and so, naturally, it is also called 'argument to the best explanation'.

Often we are presented with certain experiences and are called upon to offer some sort of explanation for them.

» But the problem we frequently face is that _____.

» Unsettling as it seems, some philosophers have even argued that for any possible body of evidence there will always be a variety of explanations consistent with it. This is just the claim that Duhem and Quine have advanced.


» Whether or not their claim is true, however, in cases where we do face a set of alternative explanations, our task as good reasoners _____.

That's where abduction comes in.



빈칸, 삽입문장 주의-!!

We all
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나의 랜선 영어 쌤. **밀리.티** 

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지치지 말고 힘내기!

